

Product Name: AUTOTECH WD SPRAY AEROSOL

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SECTION 1 – STATEMENT OF CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION			
SUPPLIER:	MotorOne Group Pty Ltd		
ADDRESS:	Level 9, 3 Nexus Court, Mulgrave, VIC, 3170 Australia		
Trade Name:	AUTOTECH WD SPRAY AEROSOL		
TELEPHONE:	03 8761 1900	FAX:	NA
AH EMERGENCY TELEPHONE:	1300 774 575 in Australia (M-F 7am-7pm)	Synonym:	90920028
Substance:	Aerosol spray	Product Use:	Water displacer.
Creation Date:	June 2023	Revision Date:	June 2028

Classification of the substance of	or mixture
Dangerous Goods	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail".
GHS Classification	Aspiration Hazard: Category 1
	Carcinogenicity: Category 1B
	Aerosol: Category 1
	Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Category 1B
	STOT Repeated Exposure: Category 1
Poisons Schedule	This product is not classified as a Poison according to the SUSMP.
Label elements	
GHS label pictograms	
Signal word	DANGER
Hazard statement(s)	
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H340	May cause genetic defects.
H350	May cause cancer.
H372	Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statement(s): Ge	neral
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P103	Read carefully and follow all instructions.
Precautionary statement(s): Pre	
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat and sparks No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P260	Do not breathe spray.
P264	Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.



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P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.	
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required.	
Precautionary statement(s): Re	sponse	
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.	
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice.	
P314	Get medical advice if you feel unwell.	
P331	Do not induce vomiting.	
Precautionary statement(s): Storage		
P405	Store locked up.	
P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F	
Precautionary statement(s): Disposal		
P501	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local regulations.	

SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
Ingredients:	CAS Number:	Proportion (%w/w):	
Propane	74-98-6	30-60	
Butane	106-97-8	30-60	
Dichloromethane	75-09-2	30-60	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	64742-88-7	10-30	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	0-10	
Ingredients determined to be non- hazardous at the concentrations used	various	balance	

SECTION 4 – FIRST AID	MEASURES
Inhalation	Remove person to fresh air away from exposure. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. Obtain medical attention if symptoms occur.
Skin contact	If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with soap and running water.
Eye contact	Immediately irrigate with copious quantities of water for 15 minutes. Eyelids to be held open. Remove clothing if contaminated and wash skin. Urgently seek medical assistance.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Do NOT attempt to give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give water to drink. Where vomiting occurs naturally have affected person place head below hip level in order to reduce risk of aspiration. Seek medical advice (e.g. doctor).
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically.
First Aid Facilities	Eye wash station. Normal washroom facilities.

SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES		
Fire and Explosion	Contents under pressure - cans can explode in a fire. This product is extremely flammable. Keep	
Hazards	containers and fire-exposed surfaces cool with water spray. Shut off any leak if safe to do so and remove sources of re-ignition. Vapour/air mixtures may ignite explosively. Flashback along the vapour trail may occur. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.	
Extinguishing Media	Carbon dioxide, foam, dry powder, water fog or water mist.	



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Fire Fighting	Fire fighters should wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA)
	operated in positive pressure mode. In case of fire the product may be violently or explosively
	reactive. Use water spray to disperse vapours. This product should be prevented from entering
	drains and watercourses.
Flash Point	< -104°C (due to propellant)

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedures

HAZCHEM code: 2YE

2 = use water fog- in the absence of fog, a fine spray may be used to fight fires.

Y = Yes - risk of violent reaction, recommend breathing apparatus for fire only, contain.

- Shut off engine and electrical equipment off.
- No smoking or naked lights within 50 metres.
- Move people from immediate area; keep upwind.
- Send messenger to notify fire brigade and police.
- Tell them location, material quantity, UN number and emergency contact. Indicate condition of vehicle and damage or injuries observed.
- Warn other traffic.

E = Consider evacuation.

Occupational Release

Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition and stop leak if safe to do so. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Evacuate all unprotected personnel. Water spray or fog may be used to disperse/absorb vapour if any. Place inert, Non combustible absorbent material onto spillage. If safe, damaged cans should be placed in a container outdoors, away from ignition sources, until pressure has dissipated. Undamaged cans should be gathered and stowed safely. Collect residues and seal in labelled drums for disposal. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authorities in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste according to applicable local and national regulations.

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE. VAPOUR OR GAS REDUCES OXYGEN FOR BREATHING. IN CONFINED SPACES MAY CAUSE ASPHYXIATION.

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Handle and use the material in a well- ventilated area, away from sparks, flames and other ignition sources. DO NOT store or use in confined spaces. Have emergency equipment (for fires, spills, leaks, etc.) readily available. Build up of mists or vapours in the atmosphere must be prevented. Do NOT cut or heat containers as they may contain hazardous residues. Do not smoke. Flameproof equipment is necessary in areas where the product is being used. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Earth or bond all equipment. Do not empty into drains. Ensure a high level of personal hygiene is maintained when using this product, that is, always wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet facilities. Avoid exposure. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Storage

Avoid all sources of ignition – (heat, sparks, static electricity, open flame). Use flameproof equipment and fittings to prevent flammability risk. Store in a well-ventilated area. Store in a cool, dry place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from incompatible substances i.e. strong oxidizing agents, acids or bases. Keep containers closed at all times – check regularly for leaks.

Avoid exposure. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.



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	ONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION
Exposure Limits	National Occupational Exposure Limits, as published by Safe Work Australia:
	Time-weighted Average (TWA):
	None established for product.
	For ingredients:
	 Butane: 800 ppm, 1900 mg/m³
	• Dichloromethane: 50 ppm, 174 mg/m³ (Notice: Sk, Carcinogen Category 3)
	Oil mist, refined mineral : 5 mg/m ³
	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):
	None established for product.
	For ingredients:
	None allocated
Biological Limit Values	Name: Dichloromethane
	Determinant: Dichloromethane in urine Value: 0.3 mg/L
	Sampling time: End of shift
	NOTATION: Sq
Ventilation	Use only in a well-ventilated area. Ensure airflow, where this product is used, is directed away
Ventuation	from the operators. Ensure ventilation is adequate to maintain air concentrations below exposure
	standards. If this is not possible, use appropriate personal protective equipment (meeting the
	requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716).
Personal Protective	Use good occupational work practice. The use of protective clothing and equipment depends upor
Equipment	the degree and nature of exposure. The following protective equipment should be available;
Eye Protection	Safety glasses, chemical goggles or face shield should be used for handling concentrate in quantity
	cleaning up spills, decanting, etc. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations
	Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye
	Protectors for Industrial Applications.
Hand Protection	Wear gloves of impervious material such as nitrile – to handle in quantity, clean up spills
	decanting, etc. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances
	i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Occupational protective
	gloves should conform to relevant regulations. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1
	Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.
Body Protection	Suitable protective workwear, e.g. rubber or plastic apron, sleeves, boots and cotton overalls
Q	buttoned at neck and wrist are recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where
	large quantities are handled.
Posnirator	No respirator should be required under normal conditions of use in well-ventilated areas
Respirator	(outdoors) provided air concentrations are below exposure standards. If engineering controls are
()	not effective in controlling airborne exposure then respiratory protective equipment should be
	used suitable for protecting against airborne contaminants. Final choice of appropriate breathing
	protection is dependant upon actual airborne concentrations and the type of breathing protection
	required will vary according to individual circumstances. Expert advice may be required to make
	this decision. Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and
	maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices
	If the exposure limit is exceeded briefly, a full facepiece respirator with an organic vapour cartridge may be worn. For short elevated exposures, eg, spillages:- Appropriate organic vapour cartridge
	respirator as per the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716 (Respiratory protective
	devices). For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not known, use a full-face

piece positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator. Exposure Limit by more than ten times, air

supplied apparatus should be used.



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Other Information

Propane and Butane are asphyxiant gases which when present in an atmosphere in high concentration, lead to reduction of oxygen concentration by displacement or dilution. It is not appropriate to recommend an exposure standard for each simple asphyxiant, rather it should be required that a sufficient oxygen concentration be maintained.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES			
Physical State	Aerosol	Colour	Tan
Odour	Not available	Specific Gravity	Approx. 0.74 @ 25 °C
Boiling Point	Not available	Flammability	Flammable aerosol
Vapour Pressure	Not available	Vapour Density	Not available
Flash Point	-104°C (Closed cup) (propellant)	Flammable Limits	2.2% - 10.0% (propellant)
Water Solubility	Insoluble	рН	Not available

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY		
Reactivity	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure. Reacts violently with acids. Corrosive to metals.	
Conditions to Avoid	Sources of heat and ignition, open flames. Closed containers may rupture when exposed to heat greater than 50°C.	
Incompatibilities	Strong oxidising agents.	
Hazardous	Product can decompose on combustion to form Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, and other	
Decomposition	possibly toxic gases and vapours.	

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION			
POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECT	POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS		
No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label.			
Symptoms or effects that m	nay arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:		
Inhalation	Inhalation of product vapours may be irritating to the respiratory system. Symptoms include sneezing, coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath, headache, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea and vomiting. Propane and Butane are asphyxiant gases which when present in an atmosphere in high concentration, leads to reduction of oxygen concentration by displacement or dilution. Symptoms include decreased visual acuity, decreased coordination and judgment, headache, dizziness, confusion, drowsiness, fatigue, shortness of breath, muscular weakness, convulsions, unconsciousness, coma and eventually death		
Skin contact	May be irritating to skin. The symptoms may include redness, itching and swelling. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may lead to dermatitis.		
Eye contact	May be irritating to eyes. The symptoms may include redness, itching and tearing.		
Ingestion	Unlikely due to form of product. If ingestion occurs, may cause lung damage if swallowed. Subsequent to ingestion or vomiting, small amounts of liquid aspirated into the respiratory system may cause severe pulmonary injury that may lead to death. May also cause irritation to the gastrointestinal system. Symptoms may include nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea and abdominal pain		
Other	This material contains asphyxiant gas, which when present in an atmosphere in high concentrations, lead to a reduction of oxygen concentration by displacement or dilution. It is not appropriate to recommend an exposure standard for each simple asphyxiant, rather it should be required that a sufficient oxygen concentration be maintained. The minimum oxygen content in air should be 19. 5 per cent by volume under normal atmospheric pressure. Unconsciousness and death can rapidly ensue in an environment, which is deficient in oxygen. Dichloromethane may cause central nervous system depression. Inebriation and excitation, passing into narcosis, is a typical reaction. In severe acute exposures there is a danger of death from respiratory failure or cardiac arrest. Overexposure by skin absorption or inhalation may injure the liver, kidneys and bladder.		



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Carcinogen Status	May cause cancer. Classified as a Known or presumed human carcinogen. Mineral oils, untreated or mildly treated is listed as a Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans according to International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). Dichloromethane is listed as a Group 2A: Probably carcinogenic to humans according to International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).	
Respiratory Sensitisation	Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin Sensitisation	Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	May cause genetic defects. Classified as known or presumed to induce heritable mutations.	
Reproductive Toxicity	Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.	
STOT-single exposure	Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.	
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Aspiration Hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
Eco-toxicity	No ecological data is available for this material.
Product	
Persistence and	No information.
degradability	
Bio accumulative potential	No bioaccumulation is expected.
Mobility in soil	Due to its physicochemical characteristics, highly mobile in the environment and will partition to
	the aquatic compartment.
Other adverse effects	Not available
Environmental Protection	Do not discharge this material into waterways.

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS		
	Dispose of waste according to applicable local and national regulations. Do not allow into drains	
	or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes including	
	emptied containers are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all	
	applicable local and national regulations	

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION		
ADG	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail".	
Marine Pollutant	No	
Land Transport (ADG)		
UN Number	1950	
Proper Shipping Name	AEROSOL, FLAMMABLE N.O.S.	
Class	2.1	
HAZCHEM Code	2YE	
Packing Group	None allocated	
ERG	49	
Special Provisions	SP63, 190, 229, 277.	



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Segregation	This material is classified as Dangerous Goods Division 2.1 Flammable Gases
	Division 2.1 Dangerous Goods are incompatible in a placard load with any of the following:
	- Class 1: Explosives
	- Division 2.2 Non-flammable, Non toxic gas that have a subsidiary risk 5.1 except when
	all are packed in cylinders or pressure drums not exceeding SOOL capacity.
	- Class 3: Flammable Liquids, if both the Division 2.1 and Class 3 dangerous goods are in
	tanks or other receptacles with a capacity individually exceeding SOOL.
	- Division 4.1: Flammable Solids
	- Division 4.2: Spontaneously combustible substances
	- Division 4.3: Dangerous when wet substances
	- Division 5.1: Oxidising substances
	- Division 5.2: Organic peroxides
	- Class 7: Radioactive materials unless specifically exempted

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY	Y INFORMATION
GHS Classification	Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and
	labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.
SUSMP	This product is not classified as a Schedule Poison according to the SUSMP.
ADG Code	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of
	Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail".
AICS	All ingredients present on AICS

SECTION 16 – OTHER INFO	RMATION
Issue Date	June 2023
Version Number	V3: regular review
Abbreviations and	ADG Code: Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.
acronyms	AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances.
·	CAS Number: Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.
	GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	HAZCHEM: An emergency action code of numbers and letters which gives information to emergency
	services.
	HCIS: Hazardous Chemical Information System
	SWA: Safe Work Australia.
	SDS: Safety Data Sheet
	STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit.
	SUSMP : Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.
	TWA: Time Weighted Average.
	UN Number: United Nations Number.
Literature references	Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals – Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia)
	Global Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)
	"Australian Exposure Standards". Safe Work Australia
	Australian Code for The Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail
	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
Disclaimer	This SDS summarizes at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of this product, and in particular how to safely handle and use this product in the workplace. Since the supplier cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review this SDS in the context of how the user intends to handle and use the product in the workplace. If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate assessment can be made, the user should contact this supplier.
	End of SDS