

Product Name: AUTOTECH CARBURETTOR

& THROTTLE BODY CLEANER

Date of Issue: JUNE 2023

Page 1 of Total 8

SECTION 1 – STATEMENT OF CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION				
SUPPLIER:	MotorOne Group Pty Ltd			
ADDRESS:	Level 9, 3 Nexus Court, Mulgrave, VIC, 3170 Australia			
Trade Name:	AUTOTECH CARBURETTOR & THROTTLE BODY CLEANER			
TELEPHONE:	03 8761 1900 FAX: NA			
AH EMERGENCY TELEPHONE:	1300 774 575 in Australia (M-F 7am-7pm)	Synonym:	90920008	
Substance:	Aerosol spray	Product Use:	A strong aerosol cleaner for the removal off fuel gums, varnish and other contaminants from carburetors, throttle bodies and other fuel related components.	
Creation Date:	June 2023	Revision Date:	June 2028	

SECTION 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance of Dangerous Goods	or mixture		
Dangerous Goods			
Builgerous Goods	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of		
	Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail".		
GHS Classification	Aspiration Hazard: Category 1		
	Eye Irritation: Category 2A		
	Aerosol: Category 1		
	Skin Irritation: Category 2		
	STOT Repeated Exposure: Category 2		
	STOT Single Exposure: Category 3 (narcotic)		
	Toxic to Reproduction: Category 2		
Poisons Schedule	This product is classified as a Poison according to the SUSMP.		
Label elements			
Signal word	DANGER		
Hazard statement(s)			
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.		
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H340 May cause genetic defects.		
H350	May cause cancer.		
H315	Causes skin irritation.		
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.		
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.		
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.		
Precautionary statement(s): Ge	neral		
P102	Keep out of reach of children.		
F 102			



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Name: AUTOTECH CARBURETTOR

& THROTTLE BODY CLEANER

Date of Issue: JUNE 2023

Page 2 of Total 8

Precautionary statement(s): Pre	evention		
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.		
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.		
P210	Keep away from heat and sparks No smoking.		
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.		
P251	Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.		
P260	Do not breathe spray.		
P264	Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.		
-			
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.		
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.		
Precautionary statement(s): Re	sponse		
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.		
P302+P352			
P304+P340	IFINHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for		
	breathing.		
P305+P351+P338	38 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if		
	present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.		
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice.		
P312	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.		
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice.		
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.		
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.		
P331	Do not induce vomiting.		
Precautionary statement(s): Storage			
P405	Store locked up.		
P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F		
Precautionary statement(s): Dis	posal		
P501	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local regulations.		

SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS				
Ingredients:	CAS Number:	Proportion (%w/w):		
Toluene	108-88-3	30-60		
Propane	74-98-6	10-30		
Butane	106-97-8	10-30		
Diacetone alcohol	123-42-2	10-30		
Acetone	67-64-1	0-10		
Ingredients determined to be non- hazardous at the concentrations used	various	balance		

SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES			
Inhalation	Remove person to fresh air away from exposure. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. Obtain medical attention if symptoms occur.		
Skin contact	If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with soap and running water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse or discard. Seek medical attention.		



Product Name: AUTOTECH CARBURETTOR

& THROTTLE BODY CLEANER

Date of Issue: JUNE 2023

Page 3 of Total 8

Eye contact	Immediately irrigate with copious quantities of water for 15 minutes. Eyelids to be held open. Remove clothing if contaminated and wash skin. Urgently seek medical assistance.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Do NOT attempt to give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give water to drink. Where vomiting occurs naturally have affected person place head below hip level in order to reduce risk of aspiration. Seek medical advice (e.g. doctor).
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically.
First Aid Facilities	Eye wash station. Normal washroom facilities.

SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING	MEASURES
Fire and Explosion Hazards	Contents under pressure - cans can explode in a fire. This product is extremely flammable. Keep containers and fire-exposed surfaces cool with water spray. Shut off any leak if safe to do so and remove sources of re-ignition. Vapour/air mixtures may ignite explosively. Flashback along the vapour trail may occur. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Extinguishing Media	Carbon dioxide, foam, dry powder, water fog or water mist.
Fire Fighting	Fire fighters should wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive pressure mode. In case of fire the product may be violently or explosively reactive. Use water spray to disperse vapours. This product should be prevented from entering drains and watercourses.
Flash Point	Not available

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES			
Emergency Procedures	 HAZCHEM code : 2YE 2 = use water fog- in the absence of fog, a fine spray may be used to fight fires. Y = Yes - risk of violent reaction, recommend breathing apparatus for fire only, contain. Shut off engine and electrical equipment off. No smoking or naked lights within 50 metres. Move people from immediate area; keep upwind. Send messenger to notify fire brigade and police. Tell them location, material quantity, UN number and emergency contact. Indicate condition of vehicle and damage or injuries observed. Warn other traffic. E = Consider evacuation. 		
Occupational Release	Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition and stop leak if safe to do so. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Evacuate all unprotected personnel. Water spray or fog may be used to disperse/absorb vapour if any. Place inert, Non combustible absorbent material onto spillage. If safe, damaged cans should be placed in a container outdoors, away from ignition sources, until pressure has dissipated. Undamaged cans should be gathered and stowed safely. Collect residues and seal in labelled drums for disposal. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authorities in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste according to applicable local and national regulations.		



Product Name: AUTOTECH CARBURETTOR

& THROTTLE BODY CLEANER

Date of Issue: JUNE 2023

Page 4 of Total 8

SECTION 7 – HANDLIN Handling	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE. VAPOUR OR GAS REDUCES OXYGEN FOR BREATHING. IN CONFINED		
nanuling	SPACES MAY CAUSE ASPHYXIATION.		
	Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Handle and		
	use the material in a well- ventilated area, away from sparks, flames and other ignition sources		
	DO NOT store or use in confined spaces. Have emergency equipment (for fires, spills, leaks, etc.		
	readily available. Build up of mists or vapours in the atmosphere must be prevented. Do NOT cu		
	or heat containers as they may contain hazardous residues. Do not smoke. Flameproof equipment is necessary in areas where the product is being used. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Earth or bond all equipment. Do not empty into drains. Ensure a high level of personal		
	hygiene is maintained when using this product, that is, always wash hands before eating, drinking		
	smoking or using the toilet facilities. Avoid exposure. Do not handle until all safety precaution		
	have been read and understood.		
	Avoid exposure. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.		
Storage	Avoid all sources of ignition – (heat, sparks, static electricity, open flame). Use flameproc		
	equipment and fittings to prevent flammability risk. Store in a well-ventilated area. Store in a cool,		
	dry place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from incompatible substances i.e. strong oxidizing		
	agents, acids or bases. Keep containers closed at all times – check regularly for leaks.		
SECTION 8 - EXPOSUR	E CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION		
	E CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION		
SECTION 8 – EXPOSUR Exposure Limits	National Occupational Exposure Limits, as published by Safe Work Australia:		
	National Occupational Exposure Limits, as published by Safe Work Australia: Time-weighted Average (TWA):		
	National Occupational Exposure Limits, as published by Safe Work Australia:		
	National Occupational Exposure Limits, as published by Safe Work Australia: Time-weighted Average (TWA): None established for product.		
	National Occupational Exposure Limits, as published by Safe Work Australia: Time-weighted Average (TWA): None established for product. For ingredients:		
	 National Occupational Exposure Limits, as published by Safe Work Australia: Time-weighted Average (TWA): None established for product. For ingredients: Butane : 800 ppm, 1900 mg/m³ 		
	 National Occupational Exposure Limits, as published by Safe Work Australia: Time-weighted Average (TWA): None established for product. For ingredients: Butane : 800 ppm, 1900 mg/m³ Diacetone alcohol : 50 ppm, 238 mg/m³ Toluene : 50 ppm, 191 mg/m³ 		
	 National Occupational Exposure Limits, as published by Safe Work Australia: Time-weighted Average (TWA): None established for product. For ingredients: Butane : 800 ppm, 1900 mg/m³ Diacetone alcohol : 50 ppm, 238 mg/m³ Toluene : 50 ppm, 191 mg/m³ Acetone : 500 ppm, 1185 mg/m³ 		
	 National Occupational Exposure Limits, as published by Safe Work Australia: Time-weighted Average (TWA): None established for product. For ingredients: Butane : 800 ppm, 1900 mg/m³ Diacetone alcohol : 50 ppm, 238 mg/m³ Toluene : 50 ppm, 191 mg/m³ 		
	 National Occupational Exposure Limits, as published by Safe Work Australia: Time-weighted Average (TWA): None established for product. For ingredients: Butane : 800 ppm, 1900 mg/m³ Diacetone alcohol : 50 ppm, 238 mg/m³ Toluene : 50 ppm, 191 mg/m³ Acetone : 500 ppm, 1185 mg/m³ Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL): 		
	 National Occupational Exposure Limits, as published by Safe Work Australia: Time-weighted Average (TWA): None established for product. For ingredients: Butane : 800 ppm, 1900 mg/m³ Diacetone alcohol : 50 ppm, 238 mg/m³ Toluene : 50 ppm, 191 mg/m³ Acetone : 500 ppm, 1185 mg/m³ Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL): None established for product. 		
	 National Occupational Exposure Limits, as published by Safe Work Australia: Time-weighted Average (TWA): None established for product. For ingredients: Butane : 800 ppm, 1900 mg/m³ Diacetone alcohol : 50 ppm, 238 mg/m³ Toluene : 50 ppm, 191 mg/m³ Acetone : 500 ppm, 1185 mg/m³ Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL): None established for product. For ingredients: 		

	• Acetone : 1000 ppm, 2375 mg/m ³
Biological Limit Values	 Name: Toluene Determinant: Toluene in urine Value: 0.03 mg/L Sampling time: End of shift NOTATION: Sq Name: Toluene Determinant: toluene in blood Value: 0.02mg/l Sampling time: prior to last shift of work week



Product Name: AUTOTECH CARBURETTOR

& THROTTLE BODY CLEANER

Date of Issue: JUNE 2023

Page 5 of Total 8

	Name: Toluene Determinant: o-Cresol in urine Value: 0.3mg/g creatinine Sampling time: end of shift Notation: B Name: Acetone
	 Determinant: Acetone in urine Value: 25 mg/l Sampling time: End of shift Notation: Ns
Ventilation	Use only in a well-ventilated area. Ensure airflow, where this product is used, is directed away from the operators. Ensure ventilation is adequate to maintain air concentrations below exposure standards. If this is not possible, use appropriate personal protective equipment (meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716).
Personal Protective	Use good occupational work practice. The use of protective clothing and equipment depends upon
Equipment Eye Protection	 the degree and nature of exposure. The following protective equipment should be available; Safety glasses, chemical goggles or face shield should be used for handling concentrate in quantity, cleaning up spills, decanting, etc. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations. Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.
Hand Protection	Wear gloves of impervious material such as nitrile – to handle in quantity, clean up spills, decanting, etc. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances. i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Occupational protective gloves should conform to relevant regulations. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.
Body Protection	Suitable protective workwear, e.g. rubber or plastic apron, sleeves, boots and cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist are recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled.
Respirator	No respirator should be required under normal conditions of use in well-ventilated areas (outdoors) provided air concentrations are below exposure standards. If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then respiratory protective equipment should be used suitable for protecting against airborne contaminants. Final choice of appropriate breathing protection is dependant upon actual airborne concentrations and the type of breathing protection required will vary according to individual circumstances. Expert advice may be required to make this decision. Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices. If the exposure limit is exceeded briefly, a full facepiece respirator with an organic vapour cartridge may be worn. For short elevated exposures, eg, spillages:- Appropriate organic vapour cartridge respirator as per the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716 (Respiratory protective devices). For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not known, use a full-face piece positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator. Exposure Limit by more than ten times, air supplied apparatus should be used.
Other Information	Propane and Butane are asphyxiant gases which when present in an atmosphere in high concentration, lead to reduction of oxygen concentration by displacement or dilution. It is not appropriate to recommend an exposure standard for each simple asphyxiant, rather it should be required that a sufficient oxygen concentration be maintained.



Product Name: AUTOTECH CARBURETTOR

& THROTTLE BODY CLEANER

Date of Issue: JUNE 2023

Page 6 of Total 8

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES			
Physical State	Aerosol	Colour	Colourless
Odour	Not available	Specific Gravity	Approx. 0.76 @ 25 °C
Boiling Point	Not available	Flammability	Flammable aerosol
Vapour Pressure	Not available	Vapour Density	Not available
Flash Point	Not available	Flammable Limits	Not available
Water Solubility	Insoluble	рН	Not available

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY	
Reactivity	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure. Reacts violently with acids. Corrosive to metals.
Conditions to Avoid	Sources of heat and ignition, open flames. Closed containers may rupture when exposed to heat greater than 50°C.
Incompatibilities	Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous	Product can decompose on combustion to form Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, and other
Decomposition	possibly toxic gases and vapours.

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Symptoms of effects that m	ay arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are.
Inhalation	Inhalation of product vapours may be irritating to the respiratory system. Symptoms include sneezing, coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath, headache, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea and vomiting. Propane and Butane are asphyxiant gases which when present in an atmosphere in high concentration, leads to reduction of oxygen concentration by displacement or dilution. Symptoms include decreased visual acuity, decreased coordination and judgment, headache, dizziness, confusion, drowsiness, fatigue, shortness of breath, muscular weakness, convulsions, unconsciousness, coma and eventually death.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. Skin contact will cause redness, itching and swelling. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness and cracking and may lead to dermatitis.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation. On eye contact this product will cause tearing, stinging, blurred vision, and redness.
Ingestion	Unlikely due to form of product. If ingestion occurs, may cause lung damage if swallowed. Subsequent to ingestion or vomiting, small amounts of liquid aspirated into the respiratory system may cause severe pulmonary injury that may lead to death. May also cause irritation to the gastrointestinal system. Symptoms may include nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea and abdominal pain
Other	This material contains asphyxiant gas, which when present in an atmosphere in high concentrations, lead to a reduction of oxygen concentration by displacement or dilution. It is not appropriate to recommend an exposure standard for each simple asphyxiant, rather it should be required that a sufficient oxygen concentration be maintained. The minimum oxygen content in air should be 19. 5 per cent by volume under normal atmospheric pressure. Unconsciousness and death can rapidly ensue in an environment, which is deficient in oxygen.
Carcinogen Status	Not considered to be a carcinogenic hazard. Toluene is listed as Group 3: Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans according to International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).
Respiratory Sensitisation	Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.
Skin Sensitisation	Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.
Reproductive Toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Classified as a suspected human reproductive or developmental toxicant.



Product Name: AUTOTECH CARBURETTOR

& THROTTLE BODY CLEANER

Date of Issue: JUNE 2023

Page 7 of Total 8

STOT-single exposure	Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration Hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
Eco-toxicity	No ecological data is available for this material.
Product	
Persistence and degradability	No information.
Bio accumulative potential	No bioaccumulation is expected.
Mobility in soil	Due to its physicochemical characteristics, highly mobile in the environment and will partition to
	the aquatic compartment.
Other adverse effects	Not available
Environmental Protection	Do not discharge this material into waterways.

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS	
	Dispose of waste according to applicable local and national regulations. Do not allow into drains
	or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes including emptied containers are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all
	applicable local and national regulations.

ADG	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of
ADG	
	Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail".
Marine Pollutant	No
Land Transport (ADG)	
UN Number	1950
Proper Shipping Name	AEROSOL, FLAMMABLE N.O.S.
Class	2.1
HAZCHEM Code	2YE
Packing Group	None allocated
ERG	49
Special Provisions	SP63, 190, 229, 277.
Segregation	This material is classified as Dangerous Goods Division 2.1 Flammable Gases
	Division 2.1 Dangerous Goods are incompatible in a placard load with any of the following:
	- Class 1: Explosives
	- Division 2.2 Non-flammable, Non toxic gas that have a subsidiary risk 5.1 except when
	all are packed in cylinders or pressure drums not exceeding SOOL capacity.
	- Class 3: Flammable Liquids, if both the Division 2.1 and Class 3 dangerous goods are in
	tanks or other receptacles with a capacity individually exceeding SOOL.
	- Division 4.1: Flammable Solids
	- Division 4.2: Spontaneously combustible substances
	- Division 4.3: Dangerous when wet substances
	- Division 5.1: Oxidising substances
	- Division 5.2: Organic peroxides
	 Class 7: Radioactive materials unless specifically exempted



Product Name: AUTOTECH CARBURETTOR

& THROTTLE BODY CLEANER

Date of Issue: JUNE 2023

Page 8 of Total 8

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY	(INFORMATION
GHS Classification	Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and
	labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.
SUSMP	This product is classified as a Schedule Poison S6 according to the SUSMP.
ADG Code	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of
	Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail".
AICS	All ingredients present on AICS

Issue Date	June 2023
Version Number	V3: regular review
Abbreviations and	ADG Code: Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.
acronyms	AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances.
	CAS Number: Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.
	GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	HAZCHEM: An emergency action code of numbers and letters which gives information to emergency
	services.
	HCIS: Hazardous Chemical Information System
	SWA: Safe Work Australia.
	SDS: Safety Data Sheet
	STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit.
	SUSMP: Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.
	TWA: Time Weighted Average.
	UN Number: United Nations Number.
Literature references	Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals – Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia)
	Global Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)
	"Australian Exposure Standards". Safe Work Australia
	Australian Code for The Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail
	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
Disclaimer	This SDS summarizes at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of this product and in particular how to safely handle and use this product in the workplace. Since the supplier cannot anticipate or contro the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review this SDS in the context of how the user intends to handle and use the product in the workplace. If clarification or further information is needed to ensure
	that an appropriate assessment can be made, the user should contact this supplier.